

# *The Historical Stage of the Development of New China*

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**Abstract:** The development of history has its own laws, and these laws are determined by the universe. Creatures on different planets have different fates and patterns. The creatures on Earth also have their own patterns. When the Earth warms up a bit, people on Earth will live happier lives and there will be more great figures appearing. And when the Earth enters a cold period, people on Earth will suffer more. People from various regions on Earth have established their own countries and formed their own cultures. In fact, the essence is determined by the geography of each region. Countries with maritime civilizations have more trade and democracy, while countries with continents have more agriculture and centralization. Many seemingly unrelated and vastly different things can actually be traced back to geographical factors. China, located in East Asia, also follows this pattern. This article combines the form of the Han Dynasty in ancient China to explain the historical stage in which New China was located.

## **1. The laws of life follow the laws of the universe**

The operation of the universe has its own laws, and no life can change them. It can only adapt, lag, and delay. As a planet in the universe, the Earth naturally follows this law; As life in the universe, humans also follow this law. Almost all the energy on Earth comes from the sun. If the heat emitted by the sun is higher, the Earth will enter a warm period, and human civilizations around the world will generally enter a period of smooth and high-speed development. Governments in various regions often enter a period of domination and prosperity, and more influential figures will emerge on Earth. However, when the heat emitted by the sun decreases or is blocked from being absorbed by the earth for other reasons, the earth will enter a cold period, and human civilization around the world will enter a difficult period of development. Wars, coups, reform revolutions, and so on will increase on earth<sup>[1]</sup>.

In history, the famous Western philosopher Socrates and the famous Eastern philosopher Confucius were both figures of the same era (when the sun emitted high energy and the earth was warm). At that time, Greece in the West and various countries in China during the Spring and Autumn period entered a period of great scholars emerging and a hundred schools of thought contending. Many ideas and cultures that had a profound impact on both the East and the West were formed during that period.

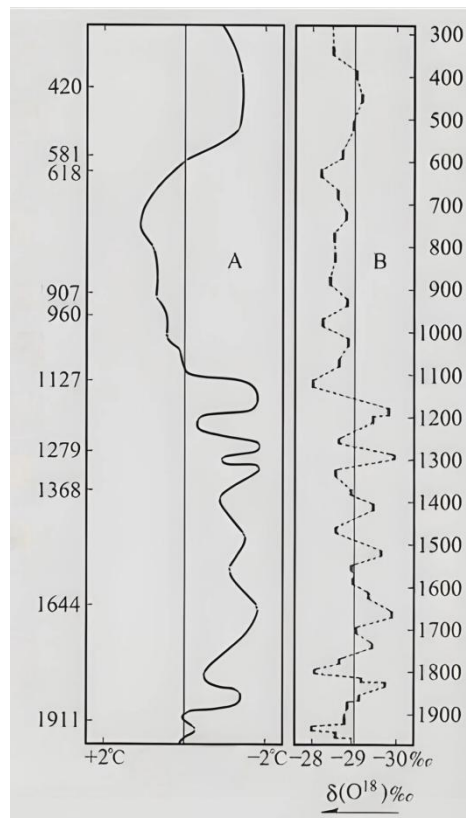


Figure 1: Zhu Kezhen Curve

As shown in Figure 1. The late Tang Dynasty<sup>[2]</sup>, the late Yuan Dynasty, the late Ming Dynasty, and other turbulent periods in Chinese history often occurred during the cold period of the earth. It is interesting that some reform activities in Chinese history, such as the "Wang Anshi Reform" and the "Zhang Juzheng Reform", which were somewhat effective and could delay the decline of dynasties, could be carried out. Most of them occurred when the Earth was warming up, and when the Earth's temperature dropped again, their reforms would still fail and the dynasties would still collapse. This can refer to the "Zhu Kezhen Curve" proposed by the great Chinese meteorologist Mr. Zhu Kezhen.

This law is actually easy to understand. When the Earth warms up, crops on Earth will increase in yield, able to feed more people, resources will be relatively abundant, and various contradictions will not be too sharp. Humans also have more resources to cultivate excellent talents. When the Earth cools down, crop yields decrease, nomadic tribes will plunder agricultural tribes, and conflicts will erupt within agricultural tribes due to resource shortages, resulting in a lot of chaos. In the end, it often leads to a significant decrease in population, until the next global warming period arrives, when humanity will usher in a new period of population growth<sup>[3]</sup>.

Many of the major events that have happened to humanity on Earth may seem to have been accomplished by many nobles, generals, heroic figures, or a large number of people on Earth, but the reasons behind them are actually determined by geography, by the Earth and the Sun, and by the universe. Individual heroes or a large number of humans may be able to reverse or delay the arrival of certain laws in a short period of time through wisdom or unity, but if the time dimension is extended, history will still go to the place specified by the laws.

In the billions of time dimensions of the universe, the inverse laws of individual human decades can be completely ignored. But this does not mean that human activities are predetermined and meaningless. As Marx said, history spirals upwards, but this does not mean that humanity will

naturally progress, but rather that we must constantly strive to achieve progress. Human beings must constantly strive to achieve, even if they know that the future is doomed, for those unattainable goals. Perhaps in the future, humans can become interstellar civilizations and transform the universe, but it is still unknown. Only by continuously continuing can there be infinite possibilities.

## **2. Development trajectory of the Han Dynasty in China**

In 202 BC, Liu Bang defeated Xiang Yu and established the Han Dynasty. In 195 BC, Liu Bang passed away and his wife Lu Zhi took control of the court. Before his death, Liu Bang asked Lu Zhi to appoint Zhou Bo as the Grand Commandant and predicted that Zhou Bo would be the one who could save the Liu Han regime in the future. In 188 BC, Empress Lv was appointed as the ruler of the court. Eight years later, in 180 BC, Lv Zhi passed away. In order to seek greater benefits, the interest group of Lv Zhi during his lifetime erupted into the Lv family Rebellion, which was later suppressed by Zhou Bo. Zhou Bo was granted the title of Marquis and Prime Minister for his meritorious service, and his son Zhou Yafu also inherited the title. Later, with his strong military leadership, he made outstanding contributions in quelling the "Rebellion of the Seven Kingdoms". Zhou Bo's other sons also inherited noble titles.

After suppressing the rebellion of the Lv family, Zhou Bo enthroned Emperor Wen of Han as the leader of the country, initiating the "Wenjing Reign" of hiding one's strength and accumulating strength for more than forty years. In 141 BC, Emperor Wu of Han, Liu Che, succeeded to the throne. In 139 BC, Emperor Wu of Han sent Zhang Qian as an envoy to the Western Regions to communicate with other countries to jointly suppress the Xiongnu. In 133 BC, Emperor Wu of Han began his northern expedition against the Xiongnu. After nearly twenty years of war against the Xiongnu, the Han Dynasty resolved the northern invasion and expanded its influence to Central and West Asia, forming a national name for the Han ethnic group to a certain extent, enhancing national cohesion and pride. The Han Dynasty thus reached its peak of development.

### **2.1 Development trajectory since the founding of the People's Republic of China**

In 1949, the CPC defeated the KMT to establish a new government. Seventeen years later, in 1966, under the ulterior motives of the wife of the then-national leader, China began a decade of turmoil. The then-leader had Deng Xiaoping preside over the work in his later years. In 1977, Marshal Ye Jianying protected Deng Xiaoping's safety and arrested counter revolutionary rebel groups. After several recommendations from Marshal Ye Jianying, the Communist Party of China discussed and decided to restore Deng Xiaoping's leadership position. Deng Xiaoping advocated for reform and opening up, and the People's Republic of China began the "reform and opening up" policy in 1978, which lasted for more than 40 years until 2025. Later, Ye Jianying became a member of the Standing Committee of the Central Political Bureau, and his son Ye Xuanlian served as the Chairman of Shenzhen Guoye Industrial Co., Ltd. and the Chairman of Poly Group Kelly Company; Another son, Ye Xuanping, served as the Deputy Secretary of the Guangdong Provincial Party Committee and Governor of Guangdong Province.

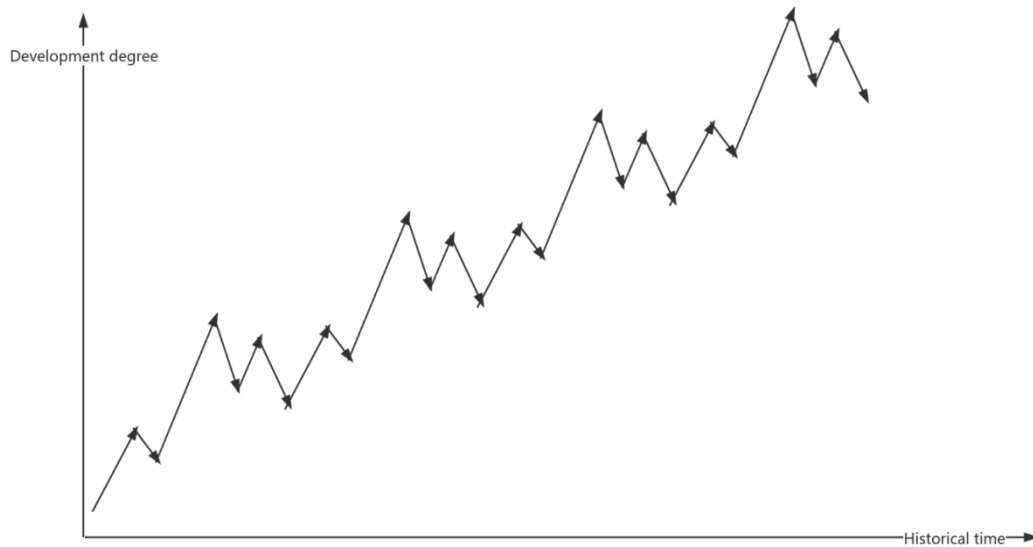


Figure 2: Historical Development Chart

## 2.2 Possible Development Trajectory of New China in the Future

As shown in Figure 2, the development of history is fluctuating, with peaks and valleys, peaks and valleys, but the overall trend is always upward. Specifically for each dynasty, it can be roughly expressed as three peaks, namely: the peak of the beginning when the previous dynasty ended and the peak when the current dynasty was established; Pacifying the internal contradictions at the beginning of the dynasty and reaching its peak through continuous accumulation; And the peak after the internal turmoil and revival of the dynasty. Marx once applied the law of negation of dialectics in works such as "Capital", believing that social development constantly evolves through the unity of contradictions. Engels further clarified in "Dialectics of Nature" that "the development or negation of negation caused by contradictions - the spiral form of development". The development of history follows this law, and when society develops to a corresponding historical level, corresponding historical events will occur. The Han Dynasty experienced the founding father Liu Bang who conquered the country, the builders of the economy Wen and Jing Emperors, and welcomed Emperor Wu of Han who pushed the Han Dynasty to the top of the world. This is the law of the development of the times. New China has already had pioneers in exploring new careers and designers in developing the economy. When the economy reaches a certain level of development, it will inevitably usher in a moment that will push China to the top of the world.

This historical moment may be a struggle between China and the United States in fields such as finance, trade, and technology, a proxy war, a war for China's reunification with Taiwan of China, or other major historical events. A strong state will inevitably lead to a weak people. During Emperor Wu of Han's northern expedition to the Xiongnu, the common people of the Han Dynasty bore a high tax burden. Today's China has developed to an unprecedented strength. It can be predicted that the Chinese people will experience a hard time in the future to support China to win the victory of "attacking the Huns in the north" in the new era. Every generation has its own Long March. The first generation of New Chinese people have been frugal in supporting the war front, which has created a peaceful development environment for China. Another generation of Chinese people have worked hard and brought about rapid economic development for China. If the current generation of Chinese people can support the country to win this tangible or intangible war, China will gain a larger market and usher in a new growth period. In combination with China's current

population reduction, China is likely to enter the ranks of developed countries through this.

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