Application of Ecological Application in Higher Education Management

He Xiaoyu

Krirk University, Khet Bang Khen District, Bangkok, 10220, Thailand

Keywords: Ecological theory; higher education management; innovative application; ecological perspective; social responsibility

DOI: 10.23977/aduhe.2024.060508

ISSN 2523-5826 Vol. 6 Num. 5

Abstract: This paper puts forward a series of innovative management strategies by analyzing the allocation of educational resources, the diversity management of students and the social responsibility of education from the ecological perspective. At the same time, it deeply analyzes the application of ecological ethics in higher education, emphasizing the importance of sustainable development, educational equity and social responsibility. Finally, the difficulties and suggestions in the management of higher education are discussed. Although ecology faces some challenges in the management of higher education, its innovative potential brings new ideas and methods for the sustainable development of higher education.

1. Introduction

With the rapid development and change of the society, the field of higher education is also facing many challenges and opportunities. The traditional education management mode is increasingly insufficient when it adapt to the diversified and rapidly changing social needs. As a theory focusing on system, interaction and balance, ecology theory brings a new way of thinking for higher education management. Ecology theory emphasizes the interconnection and synergy between various elements, which coincides with the complexity and diversity of higher education. This study aims to explore the innovative application of ecology theory in higher education management, explore how to learn from the principles of ecological theory, and provide new ideas and methods for the sustainable development and innovation of higher education.

1.1 The theory coincidence point of ecological theory and higher education management

There is a profound theoretical convergence between ecological theory and higher education management, which stems from the principle that ecological theory emphasizes systematic thinking, interdependence and balance and harmony, and is highly consistent with the complexity, diversity and sustainable development requirements of higher education management. [1]. First, the core idea of ecology is system thinking, which encourages things to be seen as interconnected components, rather than isolated individuals. In the management of higher education, there are close interactions and influences between schools and various departments, which requires managers to think from the overall perspective to ensure the stability and coordination of the system. Secondly, ecological

theory emphasizes interdependence, and emphasizes the interdependence and interdependence between various elements. In higher education, the relationship between teachers and students and interdisciplinary studies all show the characteristics of interdependence, and the understanding and management of these relationships is crucial to the success of the school. Finally, ecological theory focuses on balance and harmony, that is, the equilibrium state between different elements. In the management of higher education, the balance of educational resources, the balance of discipline development and the multidimensional balance of educational objectives are all crucial issues. To sum up, the principles of systematization, interdependence and balance emphasized by ecology provide a theoretical basis for higher education management, helping managers to better cope with complexity and diversity and achieve sustainable development.

Higher education management innovation from the perspective of ecology theory

Application of the concept of an ecosystem in higher education

The introduction of the concept of an ecosystem into higher education management provides a new perspective for the collaboration between various departments and elements within the school. Compared with the interaction of various biological communities in the ecosystem, the various departments and disciplines of the school are related to each other, and the influence and interaction between each other cannot be ignored. Managers can think from an overall perspective and promote the coordinated development of teaching, scientific research, social services and other aspects by optimizing resource allocation[2]. For example, by building interdisciplinary research teams, promoting collaboration between different disciplines, and thus creating greater knowledge value. At the same time, the positive interaction between teachers, students and administrators is encouraged to promote the flow of information and achieve a better internal ecological balance. Alternatively, the concept of an ecosystem can also be used to understand the interaction between higher education and society. Similar to the interaction between the species and the environment in the ecosystem, there is also a close connection between higher education and society. One of the missions of higher education is to train talents with innovative ability and social responsibility for the society. In this context, ecological theory reminds us that higher education needs to interact more actively with society and to respond to social needs and challenges. Schools can establish a platform for industry-university-research cooperation, to promote the combination of teaching and practical problems, so that students can better adapt to the social ecology and make positive contributions to social development. This ecological interaction can strengthen the social influence of higher education and realize the win-win situation between the school and the society.

1.2 The embodiment of ecological diversity in higher education

First, the concept of ecological diversity introduces interdisciplinary integration into higher education and promotes communication and cooperation between different disciplines. Similar to the interaction of multiple organisms in an ecosystem, higher education can draw on this diversity and encourage interdisciplinary intersection and integration. By offering interdisciplinary courses, linking knowledge in different fields to each other, helping students to better understand problems and provide more comprehensive solutions. This curriculum innovation can cultivate students' comprehensive ability, allowing them to cross different fields and deal with complex and changeable realistic challenges. Secondly, the concept of ecological diversity is also applicable to the diversity management of student groups. Similar to the diversity of different species in ecosystems, there are groups of students from different backgrounds, cultures and regions. Therefore, higher education administrators should pay attention to and respect the individual differences of students and promote inclusive education. By creating a diverse learning environment and encouraging students from different backgrounds to exchange and cooperate, the ability of

cross-cultural communication and cooperation can be cultivated, thus cultivating talents with a more global vision. In addition, to meet the needs of different students, managers can provide diverse support and resources to ensure that each student can grow within the school and realize their personal potential. By embracing the concept of ecological diversity in higher education, schools can produce more innovative, adaptable and socially responsible talents to prepare for social and future challenges.

1.3 Ecological adaptability and higher education management strategy

The idea of ecological adaptability encourages higher education managers to flexibly respond to changing environments and needs. In the education field, the rapid development of technology and the diverse needs of students mean that traditional curriculum arrangements and learning styles may no longer be applicable. Therefore, managers can adopt a flexible course design, allowing students to choose the course content and learning path according to their own interests and needs. At the same time, it combines emerging technologies such as online learning and distance education to meet the learning styles and time arrangements of different students, and improve the adaptability and flexibility of education. Ecological adaptation requires transformative leadership and flexible organizational management. Higher education administrators should have insight, timely capture the changes in the external environment and internal needs, and make strategic adjustments for the school. Transformative leaders are able to drive innovation and encourage teachers and students to experiment with uncertainty and change. In terms of organizational management, creating flexible organizational structures and processes that support innovation and experimentation can help improve the ability of schools to adapt to environmental changes. Managers can advocate an open communication atmosphere and encourage teachers to propose new ideas and solutions to better meet future challenges. In conclusion, the concept of ecological adaptability provides strategies for higher education managers to respond with the changing environment. Through flexible curriculum design, innovative leadership, and flexible organizational management, schools can better adapt to the changes in the external environment, and achieve sustainable development and innovation.

2. Ecological balance and sustainable utilization of resources

The concept of ecological balance is applied to the management of higher education, encouraging managers to pursue balance and sustainability in the allocation of educational resources. Compared with the competition and dependence of different species in the ecosystem, various departments and projects in universities also need to achieve a balance in resource allocation[3]. Managers should carefully plan the allocation of educational resources to ensure that teaching, research, campus facilities and other aspects are properly supported. Through the regular resource evaluation and allocation mechanism, the excessive concentration of resources can be avoided and the sustainable development of various school activities can be guaranteed. Moreover, through cross-departmental cooperation, resources can be shared and synergies can be enhanced, further promoting the ecological balance within the school. At the same time, the concept of ecological balance can also guide higher education managers to build a sustainable education model. Similar to the principles of maintaining species diversity and ecological balance in ecosystems, schools need to think about how to develop people with long-term impact to make positive contributions in academic, social and environmental aspects. Managers can promote innovative teaching methods, encourage the discussion of practical problems and practical problems, and cultivate students' critical thinking and problem-solving skills. At the same time, schools should pay attention to moral education, cultivate students' sense of social responsibility, so that they can make contributions to the sustainable development of the society in the future. By establishing this

educational model, schools can cultivate talents with profound insight and a global vision, and make a positive contribution to the sustainable development of the society.

2.1 Ecological wisdom and higher education management innovation

The concept of ecological wisdom is embodied in data-driven decision-making and prediction ability in higher education management. By analogy to the sensitivity to environmental change in ecosystems, higher education administrators can use modern technology and big data analysis to understand students' learning needs, trends, and performance. These data can be used to develop more precise teaching plans, predict students' academic progress, and provide a basis for the optimization of the teaching process. Through the interactive data of analyst students, schools can better understand students' learning behavior and problems, and adjust their teaching strategies in time, so as to improve the teaching effect. This data-driven decision-making and predictive ability contributes to the refinement and individualization of higher education management. The concept of ecological wisdom can also promote the innovation of higher education management through the application of science and technology. Similar to the environmental adaptability of different species in the ecosystem, university administrators can use advanced technologies to adapt to the changing educational environment in their environment. Technologies such as online learning, virtual lab, and intelligent evaluation can provide students with a more flexible and personalized learning experience. Managers can use innovative technology tools to optimize school operation processes, improve work efficiency, and reduce resource waste. This technology-driven reform of higher education management will not only help to enhance the competitiveness of schools, but also can better meet the needs of students and the society.

2.2 Educational equity and social responsibility

In higher education management, educational equity and social responsibility in an indispensable issue. There are two key dimensions in educational equity and social responsibility. The first is the equalization of opportunities in education across social barriers. In the traditional education system, social background, economic status and geographical factors often affect students' access to higher education. However, in the management of higher education based on ecological perspective emphasizes balance and synergy and advocates the expansion of educational opportunities to all social levels, not only limited to a few specific groups. By adopting inclusive policies and flexible education models, social barriers can be reduced, and more students of different backgrounds can have equal access to higher education and achieve educational equity. Secondly, the social responsibility and mission of higher education. From an ecological perspective, higher education is seen as part of an ecosystem, connected with society, the environment, and other components. Higher education institutions are not only places for knowledge inheritance, but also should assume social responsibilities and promote the sustainable development of society. This covers the training of students with social responsibility and innovation ability, to provide high-quality talents for the society, but also to pay attention to the research and solution of social problems. In this context, the mission of higher education is not only to transfer knowledge, but also to cultivate future leaders and promote a virtuous circle of society. By integrating ecological ethics into the management of higher education, the social responsibility of higher education institutions can be strengthened, making them pay more attention to social welfare in the process of education, and cultivate students' spirit of social participation and contribution.

3. Difficulties and Suggestions of ecological theory in higher Education management

3.1 The difficulties faced by the ecological theory in the management of higher education

Although the application of ecology theory in higher education management has potential, it may also face a series of difficulties and problems. First of all, the traditional education system and management mode may contradict the introduction of ecological thinking. Many higher education institutions have long adopted a school-centered management model to focus on the internal education, while the ecological perspective requires a greater focus on the various components of the education system and the interaction with the external environment. This shift in mindset may face resistance from leadership and practitioners, and it will take time and effort to evolve. Secondly, realizing the application of ecological perspective requires cross-departmental cooperation and information sharing. Higher education institutions are usually composed of multiple departments and units, which may have decentralized power structures and information islands in curriculum design, resource allocation and decision making. To realize the effective application of ecological thinking, it is necessary to establish cooperation mechanisms between different departments, share information and resources, and ensure the coordinated operation of the entire educational ecosystem. Such cooperation may be influenced by factors such as organizational culture, conflicts of interest, and various challenges need to be overcome. Another challenge is the balance between the long-term stability of educational institutions and the ecological change. Educational institutions need to maintain stability while pursuing innovation in order to ensure students' learning experience and educational quality. However, an ecological perspective may require educational institutions to be more flexible and adapt to changing social needs. This requires finding a balance to avoid the excessive pursuit of innovation that affects the stability of education.

3.2 Put forward suggestions for improvement according to the actual situation

First, educational institutions should encourage and support educational practitioners to receive training to promote their understanding and application of ecological thinking. Targeted training courses are provided to help educators change their thinking from traditional management models and gradually adapt to ecosystem-based management methods. Through education and awareness promotion, educational institutions can be promoted to gradually introduce innovative educational concepts and practices. Secondly, cross-departmental cooperation and information sharing are an important means to promote ecological thinking. Educational institutions should encourage cooperation among various departments to share resources and information to achieve overall synergy. To enhance cooperation and communication between various departments, it is imperative to establish a standardized communication platform. This platform aims to address information silos and internal barriers, ultimately fostering a more synchronized and efficient organizational ecosystem. At the same time, the active support and guidance of the leadership is crucial. Leaders of higher education institutions should actively embrace the new management thinking, encourage educational innovation, and provide resources and support to ensure the smooth progress of an ecological perspective. Leaders should set an example and guide the whole organization to gradually integrate into the ecological thinking through their own practice and advocacy, so as to realize the innovation and change of higher education management. In addition, educational institutions need to focus on the combination of social needs and mission. While promoting innovation, higher education should constantly examine its own social responsibility and combine the value of education with the solution of social problems. By carrying out social participation programs, cultivating students with a strong sense of social responsibility, and actively participating in social innovation, higher education institutions can reflect their mission and value in practice, and promote the sustainable development of the society. Finally, flexible management strategies and adaptive changes are key to the successful application of ecotheory. Educational institutions should construct flexible curriculum arrangement and learning methods, and adjust their educational models according to students' needs and social changes. At the same time, stability and sustainability should be maintained, and excessive pursuit of innovation should not affect the quality of education and students' stable learning experience. In short, combined with the actual situation, the application of ecology theory in the management of higher education needs the joint efforts of educational institutions and practitioners. Through training, departmental cooperation, leadership support, strengthening of social responsibility, and flexible management strategies, higher education institutions can gradually realize the application of ecological perspective and contribute to the innovation and sustainable development of education.

4. Conclusion

To sum up, integrating the concept of ecological theory into higher education management is an innovative exploration with foresight and practical value. By integrating ecological principles into the management strategies, higher education can better adapt to the complex and changeable environment, realize the sustainable utilization of resources, promote the equity and social responsibility in education, and promote the innovation and intelligence of management. In the changing field of education, ecology provides new development ideas for higher education management, which will help to build a more dynamic and sustainable education system.

References

[1] Yang Zengdong. Historical history of interdisciplinary study of ideological and political education [J]. Academic Forum, 2020, 43(05):113-120. DOI:10.16524/j.45-1002.2020.05.014.

^[2] Zheng Shiming. Discipline ecology of universities under systematic thinking [J]. Educational Research, 2021, 42 (3): 113-125.

^[3] Tan Fengjun. Research on innovation, Entrepreneurship and Creation education of College Students from the perspective of educational ecological theory [J]. Employment of Chinese College Students, 2019 (20): 51-56.